TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE Teachers should establish if students hold any misconceptions or partial understandings that would inhibit students meeting the level one achievement objectives for the technological practice, and plan learning experiences to challenge and/or progress these as guided by the level one Indicators below.			NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY Teachers should establish if students hold any misconceptions or partial understandings that would inhibit students meeting the level one achievement objectives for the nature of technology and plan learning experiences to challenge and/or progress these as guided by the level one Indicators below.		TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE Teachers should establish if students hold any misconceptions or partial understandings that would inhibit them meeting the level one achievement objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to challenge and/or progress these as guided by the level one Indicators below.			
ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Describe the outcome they are developing and identify the attributes it should have, taking account of the need or opportunity and the resources available.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Outline a general plan to support the development of an outcome, identifying appropriate steps and resources.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Investigate a context to communicate potential outcomes. Evaluate these against attributes; select and develop an outcome in keeping with the identified attributes.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that technology is purposeful intervention through design	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that technological outcomes are products or systems developed by people and have a physical nature and a functional nature.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that functional models are used to represent reality and test design concepts and that prototypes are used to test technological outcomes.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that technological products are made from materials that have performance properties.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that technological systems have inputs, controlled transformations, and outputs.	
TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to undertake brief development at level one teachers could: • provide the need or opportunity and develop the conceptual statement in negotiation with the students • provide a range of attributes for discussion • guide students to identify the attributes an appropriate outcome should have.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to undertake planning for practice at level one teachers could: • ensure that there is a brief against which planning to develop an outcome can occur • provide students with a detailed plan of what they will be doing during their technological practice. This could be presented and explained as a design process the teacher has developed, with key stages that need to happen clearly identified within it • provide a range of appropriate resources for students to select those suitable for their use. Teachers should ensure all resources provided are appropriate for use and students should only be responsible for selecting particular materials components, and/or software from these resources.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to undertake outcome development and evaluation at level one teachers could: • ensure that there is a brief with attributes against which a developed outcome can be evaluated • establish an environment that encourages and supports student innovation when generating design ideas • provide opportunities to develop drawing and modelling skills to communicate and explore design ideas. Emphasis should be on progressing 2D and 3D drawing skills and using manipulative media such as plasticine, wire, card etc • provide opportunities to develop skills required to produce their outcome.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of characteristics of technology at level 1, teachers could: • provide opportunities for students to discuss what is meant by the made, natural, and social world and guide them to identify technological outcomes as making up a significant part of the made world • provide students with examples of technologists and guide them to identify the sort of things they do as part of their technological practice. Technological practice involves the defining practices underpinning the development of a brief, the organising practices underpinning planning, and the production and evaluation practices involved in the development of an outcome that is fit for purpose as defined by the brief • guide students to identify that the aim of technology is to design and make outcomes for an identified purpose.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of characteristics of technological outcomes at level 1, teachers could: • provide students with a range of contemporary and historical technological products and systems and encourage them to explore these through such things as: using, 'playing', dismantling and rebuilding as appropriate • guide students to recognise the products and systems explored as technological outcomes developed by people to be suitable for particular users • guide students to identify technological outcomes when presented with a collection of technological and non-technological objects and systems • guide students to identify the physical nature of technological outcomes. The physical nature of technological outcomes refers to its physical attributes. For example; size, shape, colour, smell, texture, componentsguide students to identify the functional nature of technological outcomes. The functional nature of technological outcomes refers to its functional nature of technological outcomes refers to its functional attributes. That is, what the outcome or part of the outcome does. For example; provides grip, transports mass, stores, joins surfaces.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of technological modelling at level 1, teachers could: provide students with the opportunity to discuss why technological modelling is important to the development of technological outcomes and that it involves both functional modelling and prototyping. guide students to identify that functional models are representations of potential technological outcomes and that they exist in many forms (eg, thinking, talking, drawing, physical mock-ups, computer aided simulations etc) provide students with the opportunity to discuss that design concepts includes design ideas for parts of an outcome, as well as the conceptual design for the outcome as a whole provide students with the opportunity to interact with a variety of functional models and guide them to identify that the purpose of functional modelling is to test design concepts to see if they are suitable for use in the development of an outcome guide students to identify that prototypes are the first versions of fully completed technological outcomes provide students with a range of prototyping examples and guide them to identify that the purpose of prototyping is to test the outcome. examples should include the modelling practices of technologists.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of technological products at level 1, teachers could: • provide students with a range of technological products and encourage them to explore these through such things as: using, 'playing', dismantling and rebuilding as appropriate • guide students to identify the materials that the products explored are made from • provide opportunity for students to discuss that performance properties of materials refer to such things as thermal and electrical conductivity, water resistance, texture, flexibility, colour etc. • provide students with the opportunity to explore common materials and guide them to identify their performance properties • provide students with a range of technological products to explore and guide them to identify ways in which materials have been manipulated to make the product. For example, in a wooden toy the wood has been shaped, sanded and painted; In a sandwich, the bread dough has been shaped, cooked and sliced; in a cushion the fabric has been cut and sewn together.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of technological systems at level 1, teachers could: provide students with a range of technological systems and encourage them to explore these through such things as: using, 'playing', dismantling and rebuilding as appropriate guide students to identify the components and how they are connected in the systems explored guide students to identify the inputs and outputs of technological systems and provide opportunity for them to recognise that a controlled transformation has occurred.	
INDICATORS Students can: • communicate the outcome to be produced • identify attributes for an outcome.	INDICATORS Students can: • identify what they will do next • identify the particular materials, components and/or software they might use.	INDICATORS Students can: • describe potential outcomes, through drawing, models and/or verbally. • identify potential outcomes that are in keeping with the attributes, and selects one to produce • produce an outcome in keeping with identified attributes.	INDICATORS Students can: • identify that technology helps to create the made world • identify that technology involves people designing and making technological outcomes for an identified purpose • identify that technological practice involves knowing what you are making and why, planning what to do and what resources are needed, and making and evaluating an outcome.	INDICATORS Students can: • identify technological outcomes in a group of technological and non-technological objects and systems • identify who might use particular technological outcomes • identify the physical attributes of technological outcomes • identify the functional attributes of technological outcomes	INDICATORS Students can: • describe what a functional model is • identify the purpose of functional modelling • describe what a prototype is • identify the purpose of prototyping.	INDICATORS Students can: identify materials that technological products are made from identify performance properties of common materials identify how the materials have been manipulated to make the product.	INDICATORS Students can: • identify the components of a technological system and how they are connected • identify the input/s and output/s of particular technological systems • Identify that a system transforms an input to an output.	

TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE

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Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level one competencies and are ready to begin working towards level two achievement objectives for the technological practice components, and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level two Indicators below.				ust level one understandings and are ready to begin working towards ogy and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by	Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level one understandings and are ready to begin working towards level two achievement objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level two Indicators below.			
Brief Development	Planning for Practice	Outcome Development & Evaluation	Characteristics of Technology	Characteristics of Technological Outcomes	Technological Modelling	Technological Products	Technological Systems	
ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Explain the outcome they are developing and describe the attributes it should have, taking account of the need or opportunity and the resources available.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Develop a plan that identifies the key stages and the resources available.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Investigate a context to develop potential outcomes. Evaluate these against identified attributes; select and develop an outcome. Evaluate the outcome in terms of the need/opportunity.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that technology both reflects and changes society and the environment and increases people's capability.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that technological outcomes are developed through technological practice and have related physical and functional natures.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that functional models are used to explore, test, and evaluate design concepts for potential outcomes and that prototyping is used to test a technological outcome for fitness of purpose.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that there is a relationship between a material used and its performance properties in a technological product.	ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand that there are relationships between the inputs, controlled transformations, and outputs occurring within simple technological systems.	
TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to undertake brief development at level two teachers could: • provide the need or opportunity and develop the conceptual statement in negotiation with the students • guide students to discuss the implications of the need or opportunity and the conceptual statements and support them to establish a list of attributes an appropriate outcome could have • provide students with an overview of the resources available and guide them to take this into account when identifying the attributes for the outcome	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to undertake planning for practice at level two teachers could: • ensure that there is a brief against which planning to develop an outcome can occur • provide students with an overview of the stages they will be working through during their technological practice. This could be presented and explained as a design process the teacher has developed, and it could be used to support students to identify what the key stages are • provide a range of appropriate resources and guide students to decide which particular materials components, and/or software will be required for each key stage Teachers should ensure all resources provided are appropriate for use.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to undertake outcome development and evaluation at level two teachers could: • ensure that there is a brief with attributes against which a developed outcome can be evaluated • establish an environment that encourages and supports student innovation when generating design ideas • provide opportunities to develop drawing and modelling skills to communicate and explore design ideas. Emphasis should be on progressing 2D and 3D drawing skills and using manipulative media such as plasticine, wire, card etc • provide opportunities to develop skills required to produce their outcome • guide students to evaluate their outcome against the brief.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of characteristics of technology at level 2, teachers could: • provide opportunities for students to discuss the made, natural, and social world and guide them to explore how technology relates to each of these • provide students with examples of different technologist's practice and guide them to identify any social and/or environmental issues that might have influenced their practice and the nature of the outcomes they produce. For example; social attitudes to the environment has resulted in some technologists choosing to only use renewable materials, cold and windy environmental considerations requiring clothing outcomes that have insulating and close-fitting attributes • provide students with examples of technological outcomes and guide them to explore how these have changed over time and identify any changes that have resulted in terms of people's capability to do things. Examples should allow students to recognize that increasing capability to do things may result in both positive and negative impacts on the person, society and/or the environment • provide students with the opportunity to explore a range of technologies and guide them to identify examples of positive and negative impacts on people, society and/or the environment.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of characteristics of technological outcomes at level 2, teachers could: provide students with a range of technological outcomes and non-technological objects and guide them to identify which of these could be described as technological outcomes and explain why. Technological outcomes are defined as fully realised products and systems, created by people for an identified purpose through technological practice. Once the technological outcome is placed in situ, no further design input is required for the outcome to function. Taking this definition into account, technological outcomes can be distinguished from natural objects (such as trees and rocks etc), and works of art, and other outcomes of human activity (such as language, knowledge, social structures, organisational systems etc) provide students with a range of contemporary and historical technological outcomes and encourage them to explore these through such things as: using, 'playing', dismantling and rebuilding as appropriate guide students to identify the technological outcome explored as products and/or systems. Identifying an outcome as a product or system will influence the description of its physical nature. For example, if a technological outcome is identified as a product, the focus for describing its physical nature will be on the physical attributes afforded by the shaping, cutting, finishing etc of the materials it is made from. If a technological outcome is identified as a system, the focus for describing its physical nature will be on the physical attributes afforded by the components within it and how they are connected due to the physical attributes afforded by the components within it and how they are connected due to the students to identify the relationship between physical and functional attributes in technological outcomes. For example the flat bottom of a cup (physical attribute) allows it to be stable on a flat surface (functional attribute) due to the reference of	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of technological modelling at level 2, teachers could: • guide students to understand that design concepts refers to design ideas for parts of an outcome, as well as the conceptual design for the outcome as a whole • provide students with the opportunity to explore a variety of functional models and identify the specific design concept/s being tested • guide students to discuss the sorts of things that could be explored and tested using functional modelling • provide students with a range of prototyping examples and guide them to identify the specifications that were used to evaluate the prototype • provide students with the opportunity to discuss how specifications provide a way of measuring the fitness for purpose of the prototype • examples should include the modelling practices of technologists.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of technological products at level 2, teachers could: • guide students to understand that performance properties of materials refer to such things as thermal and electrical conductivity, water resistance, texture, flexibility, colour etc. • provide students with the opportunity to research and experiment with a range of materials and guide them to describe how their performance properties relates to how they could be useful. For example, a material that was water and UV resistant, durable, and easily cleaned could be useful for outdoor furnishings • provide students with the opportunity to research and experiment with a range of materials and guide them to describe how particular materials can be manipulated. • provide students with a variety of technological products to explore and encourage them to explore these through such things as: using, 'playing', dismantling and rebuilding as appropriate • guide students to describe the relationship between the materials selected and their performance properties. For example, a school lunch box is made of plastic because plastic can be molded into different shapes, and is hard, durable, lightweight and easily cleaned.	TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of technological systems at level 2, teachers could: • provide students with the opportunity to identify that simple technological systems are systems that have been designed to change inputs to outputs through a single transformation process • provide students with a range of simple technological systems and encourage them to explore these through such things as: using, 'playing', dismantling and rebuilding as appropriate • guide student to understand the role of each component and to identify the changes that are occurring in the transformation process • guide students to understand that sometimes transformation processes may be difficult to determine or understand and these can be represented as a 'black box'. That is, a black box is described as a way of depicting a part of a system where the inputs and outputs are known but the transformation process is not known.	
INDICATORS Students can: • explain the outcome to be produced • describe the attributes for an outcome that take account of the need or opportunity being addressed and the resources available.	INDICATORS Students can: • identify key stages required to produce an outcome • identify the particular materials, components and/or software required for each key stage.	INDICATORS Students can: • describe potential outcomes, through drawing, models and/or verbally • evaluate potential outcomes in terms of identified attributes to select the outcome to produce • produce an outcome in keeping with the brief • evaluate the final outcome in terms of how successfully it addresses the brief.	INDICATORS Students can: • describe the relationship between technology and the made, natural and social world • identify social and/or environmental issues that may have influenced particular technological practices and/ or the attributes of outcomes produced • describe how particular technological outcomes have changed over time and identify if this resulted in changing how people do things • describe examples to illustrate when technology has had a positive impact on society and/or the environment • describe examples to illustrate when technology has had a negative impact on society and/or the environment.	Students can: describe what technological outcomes are and explain how they are different to natural objects and other things created by people identify a technological product and describe relationships between the physical and functional attributes identify a technological system and describe relationships between the physical and functional attributes describe the physical and/or functional attributes of a technological outcome that provide clues as to who might use it.	INDICATORS Students can: • describe the sorts of things that functional modeling can be used for in technology • identify the design concept being tested in particular functional models • identify why prototyping is important in technology • identify the specifications used to evaluate particular prototypes.	INDICATORS Students can: • describe the performance properties of a range of materials and use these to suggest things the materials could be used for • describe feasible ways of manipulating a range of materials • suggest why the materials used in particular technological products were selected.	INDICATORS Students can: • describe the change that has occurred to the input to produce the output in simple technological systems • identify the role each component has in allowing the inputs to be transformed into outputs within simple technological systems.	

TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE

NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY

TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level two competencies and are ready to begin working Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level two understandings and are ready to begin working Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level two understandings and are ready to begin working towards level towards level three achievement objectives for the nature of technology and plan learning experiences to progress towards level three achievement objectives for the technological practice components, and plan learning experiences three achievement objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level three to progress these as guided by the level three Indicators below these as guided by the level three Indicators below. Indicators below **Brief Development** Outcome Development & Evaluation **Characteristics of Technological Outcomes Technological Modelling Technological Products Planning for Practice Characteristics of Technology Technological Systems** ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE **ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE** ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE **ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE** Students will: Understand the relationship Describe the nature of an Undertake planning to identify Investigate a context to develop ideas for Understand how society and environments impact Understand that technological outcomes are recognisable as Understand that different forms of functional Understand that technological systems are potential outcomes. Trial and evaluate these represented by symbolic language tools and intended outcome, explaining the key stages and resources on and are influenced by technology in historical fit for purpose by the relationship between their physical and modelling are used to inform decision making in between the materials used and the development of technological possibilities and understand the role played by the "black box" in how it addresses the need required to develop an outcome against key attributes to select and develop an and contemporary contexts and that technological functional natures their performance properties in or opportunity. Describe the Revisit planning to include outcome to address the need or opportunity. knowledge is validated by successful function. that prototypes can be used to evaluate the fitness technological products. technological systems. key attributes that enable Evaluate this outcome against the key of technological outcomes for further development. reviews of progress and identify development and evaluation of implications for subsequent attributes and how it addresses the need or decision making. opportunity. an outcome. TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop understanding of To support students to To support students to To support students to undertake outcome To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop undertake brief development at undertake planning for practice characteristics of technology at level 3, teachers could: characteristics of technological outcomes at level 3, teachers technological modelling at level 3, teachers could: understanding of technological technological systems at level 3, teachers could: development and evaluation at level three level three teachers could: at level three teachers could: teachers could: products at level 3, teachers · provide students with examples of different provide students with the opportunity to explore provide students with the opportunity could: provide the need or ensure that there is a brief · ensure that there is a brief with attributes technologist's practice and guide them to identify · provide students with a range of technological outcomes different forms of functional modelling and guide to investigate a range of technological students to gain insight into the different types of opportunity and develop against which planning to against which a developed outcome can be how social and environmental issues could have with unknown functions to explore and guide them to make · provide students with the systems and guide them to understand develop an outcome can influenced their decision making about; what should informed suggestions regarding who might use them and the conceptual statement in evaluated information that have been gathered opportunity to discuss that that technological systems do not require be made and why, how planning should be done and the possible function they could perform, as based on an further human design decision making during negotiation with the students establish an environment that encourages provide students with the opportunity to discuss performance properties of what resources should be used, how materials could exploration and analysis of their physical nature materials can be measured the transformation process for the inputs guide students to describe provide students with an and supports student innovation when how functional modelling informs decision overview of what they will be manipulated and tested, how outcomes should be provide students with the opportunity to explore a range of making and guide them to identify the benefits objectively and subjectively. to be transformed to outputs. That is, a the physical and functional generating design ideas evaluated, and manufacturing considerations Subjective measurement is technological system will produce particular technological outcomes that are similar in their functional and limitations of functional modelling in nature of an outcome (eg, need to do during their provide opportunities to develop drawing reliant on people's perception outputs in an automated fashion once the what it looks like and what it technological practice and provide students with the opportunity to explore a nature but have differences in their physical natures and examples provided and modelling skills to communicate and quide students to identify key inputs have initiated the transformation can do) taking into account range of technologies and guide them to determine (tasty, evokes a sense explore design ideas. Emphasis should be provide students with the opportunity to of natural beauty, warm the need or opportunity. stages and place these on a why they have changed over time. Reasons for support students to understand that the intended use and process on progressing 2D and 3D drawing skills and understand that benefits include such things and inviting etc) where as guide students to understand that a 'black box' changes include such things as changing needs, conceptual statements and timeline of some sort using manipulative media such as plasticine, users, socio-cultural and physical locations all combine to as reducing the risk of wasting time, money objective measurement is not is a term used to describe a part of a system. resources available provide resources including wire card etc. fashions, attitudes, ethical and environmental determine how the physical and functional attributes can be and materials and limitations arise due to the (conductivity, UV resistance stances etc., or the development of new materials, where the inputs and outputs are known but quide students to identify the best matched for optimum fitness for purpose. For example: representational nature of modelling. That is. a range of appropriate provide opportunity to develop knowledge etc). The fitness for purpose skills and knowledge the transformation process is not known key attributes an appropriate materials, components. a selection of brooms could be described as having similar what is being tested is necessarily partial and and skills related to the performance of a product relies on the provide examples of technological systems outcome should have Key software hardware quide students to determine the impacts different functional attributes (clean an area by sweeping unwanted therefore prototyping is required to fully test the properties of the materials/components material providing appropriate attributes reflect those that equipment, and/or tools for technologies have had on society and/or the material to another location, able to be used while standing) that contain unknown transformation students could use outcome performance properties are deemed essential for the students to select from and environment over time but whether they are for a young child to sweep dust of the processes (black boxes) and guide them to provide students with the opportunity to discuss support students to evaluate their outcome to ensure the product is successful function of the quide students to select those understand the role these play in terms of kitchen floor or for an adult to sweep water off driveways provide students with opportunities to discuss that specifications include both acceptability and against the brief technically feasible and outcome that will be suitable for their technological knowledge as knowledge that will mean quite different physical attributes will be decided feasibility considerations related to the outcome's the advantages and/or disadvantages for acceptable (safe, ethical, upon to ensure the broom is fit for its purpose. Alternatively, developers and users outcome technologists agree is important for the development fitness for purpose environmentally friendly. guide students to reflect on a selection of brushes could be described as having similar of a successful outcome and that if this knowledge is provide opportunity for students to discuss provide students with the opportunity to explore a economically viable, etc -as physical natures (all have flexible bristles) but the way in progress to make informed useful for a number of situations it can be codified for range of examples of prototyping and guide them that the fitness for purpose of a technological appropriate to particular which they are used will determine their functional nature decisions regarding next quick reference. For example; material tolerances, system relies on the selection of components to gain insight into how appropriate information products) as to whether they function to clean, act as a reservoir to ratios, dosage. and how they are connected to ensure the steps. can be gained to evaluate a technological provide students with a variety spread a substance, or to separate something system is technically feasible and acceptable outcome's fitness for purpose against the of technological products · guide students to understand the relationship between the (safe, ethical, environmentally friendly, specifications to explore and guide them physical and functional nature in a technological outcome. economically viable, etc -as appropriate to provide students with the opportunity to discuss to identify the performance That is, the functional nature requirements set boundaries particular systems) the role of functional modelling and prototyping properties of all the materials around the suitability of proposed physical nature options provide students with examples of how to develop an understanding of the importance of used, and to explain if these (for example a chair for a child will constrain the dimensions technological systems can be represented both in technological development. could be measured objectively of the chair) and the physical nature options will set and guide students to interpret the specialised examples should include the modelling practices or subjectively boundaries around what functional nature is feasible for a language and symbol conventions used of technologists and should provide students provide students with a variety technological outcome at any time (for example heavy cast provide students with opportunity to use with the opportunity to explore both successful of technological products and iron pots will not be suitable for everyday use by the elderly) specialised language and symbol conventions prototypes and those that did not meet guide them to explain how guide students to understand that the judgment of a to represent technological systems to others. specifications properties combine to make technological outcome as a 'good' or 'bad' is related to the the product both technically match between its physical and functional nature, its intended feasible and socially user/s and the context they would normally use it in. acceptable. INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS Students can: Students can Students can: Students can: Students can: Students can · describe the physical and · identify key stages, and describe how societal and/or environmental issues · describe possible users and functions of a technological discuss examples to identify the different forms · describe the properties of · describe what 'black box' refers to within a describe design ideas (either through functional nature of the resources required, and drawing, models and/or verbally) for potential can influence what people decided to make, how they outcome based on clues provided by its physical attributes of functional models that were used to gather materials used in particular technological system and the role of particular outcome they are going to record when each stage will would undertake planning, the selection of resources, specific information about the suitability of design products that can be measured black boxes within technological systems describe examples of technological outcomes with different and how they would make and test an outcome produce and explain how need to be completed to make concepts objectively evaluate design ideas in terms of key physical natures that have similar functional natures identify possible advantages and the outcome will have the sure an outcome is completed identify the benefits and limitations of functional describe the properties of attributes to develop a conceptual design for explain why particular technological outcomes have disadvantages of having black boxed describe examples of technological outcomes with different ability to address the need or explain progress to date in the outcome changed over time modelling undertaken in particular examples materials used in particular transformations within particular technologica functional natures that have similar physical natures opportunity terms of meeting key stages products that can be measured describe examples of how technology has impacted describe examples of particular prototypes that systems select materials/components, based on explain why a technological outcome could be called a describe attributes for and use of resources, and their performance properties, for use in the on the social world over time did not meet specifications. subjectively describe how the components, and how they 'good' or 'bad' design. the outcome and identify discuss implications for what describe how the properties production of the outcome explain why functional modelling and prototyping are connected, allow particular systems to be describe examples of how technology has impacted those which are key for the they need to do next. combine to ensure the technical feasible and socially acceptable produce an outcome that addresses the brief on the natural world over time are both needed to support decision making development and evaluation materials allow the product describe particular technological systems when developing an outcome. evaluate the final outcome against the key identify that technological knowledge is knowledge of an outcome to be technically feasible and using specialised language and symbol attributes to determine how well it met the that technologists agree is useful in ensuring a

need or opportunity.

successful outcome.

socially acceptable.

NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level three understandings and are ready Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level three competencies and are ready to begin working Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level three understandings and are ready to begin working towards level four achievement towards level four achievement objectives for the technological practice components, and plan learning experiences to to begin working towards level three achievement objectives for the nature of technology and plan objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level four Indicators below. progress these as guided by the level four Indicators below. learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level three Indicators below. **Planning for Practice Outcome Development & Evaluation Characteristics of Technology Characteristics of Technological Outcomes Technological Modelling Technological Products Technological Systems Brief Development** ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Understand how different forms of Students will: Understand that materials can be formed Students will: Understand Students will: Students will: Students will: Students will: Students will: functional modelling are used to explore possibilities manipulated, and/or transformed to enhance the fitness for how technological systems Justify the nature of an Undertake planning that includes Investigate a context to develop ideas for Understand how technological development Understand that technological outcomes can be and to justify decision making and how prototyping purpose of a technological product employ control to allow for intended outcome in relation reviewing the effectiveness of feasible outcomes. Undertake functional expands human possibilities and how interpreted in terms of how they might be used and by whom and that each has a proper function as well can be used to justify refinement of technological the transformation of inputs to modelling that takes account of stakeholder technology draws on knowledge from a wide to the need or opportunity. past actions and resourcing. outcomes. outputs. Describe the key attributes exploring implications for feedback, in order to select and develop the range of disciplines. as possible alternative functions. identified in stakeholder future actions and accessing of outcome that best addresses the key attributes. feedback, which will inform the resources, and consideration of Incorporating stakeholder feedback, evaluate stakeholder feedback, to enable the outcome's fitness for purpose in terms of development of an outcome and its evaluation the development of an outcome. how well it addresses the need or opportunity TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding To support students to To support students to undertake To support students to undertake outcome To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop understanding of technological To support students to develop of characteristics of technology at level 4, undertake brief development at planning for practice at level four development and evaluation at level four characteristics of technological outcomes at level 4, technological modelling at level 4, teachers could: products at level 4, teachers could: understanding of technological level four teachers could: teachers could: teachers could: teachers could: teachers could: systems at level 4, teachers · provide students with the opportunity to explore provide students with the opportunity to discuss what is meant could: · ensure that there is a brief · ensure that there is a brief with attributes provide students with opportunities to · provide students with the opportunity to explore · provide an appropriate how using different media influences the type of by materials being formed, manipulated and transformed. context and issue that allows against which planning to against which a developed outcome can be examine a range of technologies that have examples of technological outcomes and guide information that can be gathered Forming refers to bringing two or more materials together · provide students with the opportunity to investigate a them to identify their proper function. Proper to formulate a new material resulting in a different overall students to access resources develop an outcome can occur evaluated and/or could expand human possibilities provide students with the opportunity to discuss range of technological systems (including key stakeholders) by changing people's sensory perception function can be determined from an analysis of composition and structure to that of the original materials provide resources including establish an environment that encourages how different possibilities can be explored through and guide them to identify how and/or physical abilities. Examination of both the design intent that drove the outcome's This results in different performance properties. For example: quide students to identify a range of appropriate and supports student innovation when functional modelling of design concepts and transformation processes are technologies should allow students to gain development as well as how it is most commonly mixing flour, water and salt to make dough; mixing wood a need or opportunity and stakeholders, materials, generating design ideas prototyping in order to make socially acceptable as insight into how decisions are based on both fibres, resin and wax to make MDF; glass fibre and a polymer controlled used develop a conceptual components, software, well technically feasible decisions provide opportunities to develop drawing support students to understand resin combined to form fiberglass or fibre reinforced polymer what could and what should happen hardware, equipment, and/or and modelling skills to communicate and provide students with examples of technological guide students to examine examples of functional that control mechanisms can (FRP). Manipulating materials refers to 'working' existing tools for students to select from guide students to understand that 'expanding outcomes where the proper function of a support students to explore design ideas. Emphasis should be modelling practices to identify how these were used function to enhance the fitness materials in ways that do not change their properties as their and support students to select human possibilities' can result in positive and understand the physical and on progressing 2D and 3D drawing skills technological outcome has changed over time to explore possibilities and gather different types of for purpose of technological composition and structure is not altered. For example: cutting; functional nature required of those that will be suitable for and increasing the range and complexity of negative impacts on societies and natural because an alternative use was successful and information to justify design decisions systems by maximising the molding; bending; jointing; gluing; painting. Transforming their outcome environments and may be experienced then became socially accepted as the norm their outcome, and how the functional modelling guide students to examine examples of prototyping desired outputs and minimising refers to changing the structure of an existing material to differently by particular groups of people provide planning tools and provide students with examples of technological key attributes relate to this provide a range of materials/components and identify how information from these were used the undesirable outputs change some of its properties, but in terms of its composition, guide students to consider support students to use these and support students to develop the provide students with opportunities to outcomes that have been used unsuccessfully for to justify the fitness for purpose of technological provide students with a it remains the same material. For example: felting; beating an examine and debate examples of innovative other purposes and/or in different environments to record key stages and necessary knowledge and skills to test and outcomes or to identify the need for further the key stakeholders and scenario outlining technical egg white; steaming timber to soften its fibres and allow it to resources needed, including technologies that resulted in new possibilities. and support them to identify the negative impacts. the environment where the use them development and acceptability specifications be manipulated (bent) when they will need to access Examples should draw from the past and Impacts may be in terms of expected action outcome will be located. guide students to evaluate outcomes in situ examples should include the modelling practices of for a system and support guide students to understand that for materials to be selected for stakeholder feedback, and present and allow students to identify the not resulting, damage to the outcome, injury to against key attributes technologists and should include instances where them to explore and research use in a technological product, their performance properties must to (Please note; records only creative and critical thinking that underpinned the user, the damage to the social or physical refinements to the prototype were required to meet components and connectivity align with the desired specifications of the product. need to capture what students the developments. environment - or any combination of these specifications. factors to determine what plan to do and what they need guide students to recognise that during development of a product, provide students opportunity to explore the provide students with a description of an identified components would be suitable to do it to guide their practice specifications are established that will require the manipulation. wide range of knowledge and skills from purpose (eg, a stated need or opportunity) and and how they could be and allow them to review this diverse disciplines that support technology other relevant details. These details should and in some cases, transformation and formation, of materials. connected to meet system regularly) include such things as intended users and the provide students with a variety of technological products to provide students opportunity to explore specifications explore and guide students to identify examples of when support students to identify differences between technological knowledge environment in which it is to be situated. Support support students to regular review points and to students to generate potential designs for a materials needed to be manipulated, transformed and/or and knowledge from other disciplines communicate system related technological outcome and describe the physical formed to enable material linked specifications of the product review their progress at these guide students to analyse a range of details effectively. System and functional attributes it would require if it to be met and contribute to the product's fitness for purpose. examples of technological practices and related details include such could be justified as a good design leading to an guide students to manage time provide students with a scenario outlining technical and to identify the knowledge and skills that things as what components and organise their selected outcome that was fit for purpose. acceptability specifications for a product and support them to informed initial design decisions and would be feasible, layout explore and research materials to determine what material resources .based on regular ongoing manufacturing decisions. Examples requirements, and how they would be suitable and how they could be manipulated and/or reviews of progress should be drawn from within their own would need to be connected. transformed to meet product specifications and others' technological practice and Effective communication uses support students to communicate material related allow students to gain insight into how specialised language and technological knowledge and skills, and details effectively. Material related details include such things symbols. knowledge and skills from other disciplines, as what materials would be feasible and how they would need can support technology. to be formulated, manipulated and/or transformed. Effective communication uses specialised language and symbols. INDICATORS **INDICATORS** INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS **INDICATORS** INDICATORS INDICATORS Students can: Students can: Students can: Students can: Students can: Students can: Students can Students can · explain how functional modelling and prototyping · explain how transformation · identify a need or opportunity use planning tools to manage · describe design ideas (either through identify examples where technology has · explain the proper function of existing · describe examples to illustrate how the manipulation of allows for consideration of both what 'can' be done processes within a system are from the given context and time identify and record key drawing, models and/or verbally) or potential changed people's sensory perception and/ technological outcomes materials contributed to a product's fitness for purpose and what 'should' be done when making decisions controlled outcomes issue stages associated resources or physical abilities and discuss the potential explain how technological outcomes have been describe examples to illustrate how the transformation of discuss examples to illustrate how particular functional describe examples to illustrate and actions to be undertaken, short and long term impacts of these establish a conceptual undertake functional modelling to develop successfully used by end-users for purposes other materials contributed to a product's fitness for purpose how the fitness for purpose models were used to gather specific information about with progress review points design ideas into a conceptual design that statement that communicates identify examples of creative and critical than what they were originally designed for describe examples to illustrate how the formulation of new clearly indicated the suitability of design concepts of technological systems can the nature of the outcome addresses the key attributes thinking in technological practice explain how technological outcomes have been materials contributed to a product's fitness for purpose identify information that has been gathered from be enhanced by the use of and why such an outcome review progress at set review test the key performance properties of identify and categorise knowledge and skills

unsuccessfully used by end-users for purposes

discuss the impacts of this

other than what they were originally designed and

explain possible physical and functional attributes

for a technological outcome when provided with

intended user/s, a purpose, and relevant social.

cultural and environmental details to work within

functional models about the suitability of design

concepts and describe how this information was used

describe examples to illustrate how prototypes were

tested to evaluate a technological outcome's fitness

identify information that has been gathered from

prototyping and describe how this information was

materials/components to select those

feasible outcome

appropriate for use in the production of a

· produce and trial a prototype of the outcome

evaluate the fitness for nurpose of the final.

outcome against the key attributes.

from technology and other disciplines that

have informed decisions in technological

development and manufacture

points, and revise time

management as appropriate

to ensure completion of an

should be developed

establish the key attributes

for an outcome informed by

stakeholder considerations

communicate key attributes

that allow an outcome to be

evaluated as fit for purpose.

control mechanisms

communicate using

specialised language and

drawings, system related

others to create a system

acceptability specifications.

that meets both technical and

details that would allow

communicate, using specialised language and drawings,

material related details that would allow others to create

a product that meets both technical and acceptability

specifications

NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level four competencies and are ready to begin working towards Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level four understandings and are ready to begin Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level four understandings and are ready to begin working towards level five level five achievement objectives for the technological practice components, and plan learning experiences to these as guided working towards level five achievement objectives for the nature of technology and plan learning experiences to achievement objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level five Indicators by the level five Indicators below progress these as guided by the level five below. helow **Characteristics of Technological Brief Development Planning for Practice Outcome Development & Evaluation** Characteristics of Technology Technological Modelling **Technological Products Technological Systems** Outcomes ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE **ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE** Students will: Understand how evidence reasoning and Students will: Understand how Students will: Understand the Students will: Students will: Students will: Students will: Students will: decision making in functional modelling contribute to the materials are selected based on properties of subsystems within Justify the nature of an intended Analyse their own and others' Analyse their own and others' outcomes to Understand how people's perceptions and acceptance of Understand that technological outcomes outcome in relation to the need or planning practices to inform the inform the development of ideas for feasible development of design concepts and how prototyping can be desired performance criteria. technological systems. technology impact on technological developments and how and why are fit for purpose in terms of time and used to justify ongoing refinement of technological outcomes. opportunity. Describe specifications selection and use of planning outcomes. Undertake ongoing functional technological knowledge becomes codified. context. Understand the concept of that reflect key stakeholder tools. Use these to support and modelling and evaluation that takes account malfunction and how "failure" can inform feedback and that will inform the justify planning decisions (including of key stakeholder feedback and trialling in future outcomes development of an outcome and its those relating to the management the physical and social environments. Use the information gained to select and develop evaluation of resources) that will see the development of an outcome through the outcome that best addresses the to completion. specifications. Evaluate the final outcome's fitness for purpose against the brief. TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE **TEACHER GUIDANCE** TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to undertake To support students to undertake To support students to undertake outcome To support students to develop understanding of characteristics of To support students to develop understanding of technological planning for practice at level five brief development at level five development and evaluation at level five technology at level 5, teachers could: understanding of characteristics of modelling at level 5, teachers could: understanding of technological understanding of technological technological outcomes at level 5, provide opportunity for students to identify practical and products at level 5, teachers systems at level 5, teachers could: teachers could: teachers could: teachers could: · provide students with opportunities to examine and debate teachers could: functional reasoning underpinning technological modelling. could: provide an appropriate context · ensure that there is a brief against · ensure that there is a brief with clear examples of innovative technological developments. Examples quide students to understand Functional reasoning provides a basis for exploring the and issue that allows students to which planning to develop an specifications against which a developed should draw from the past and present and allow students to · guide students to analyse a range guide students to understand that the properties of a technical feasibility of the design concept and the realised that the composition of access resources (including key outcome can occur outcome can be evaluated explore how creative and critical thinking impacts on developments of examples of how technological subsystem relate to its and how what could happen and what should happen were outcomes have been evaluated outcome. That is, 'how to make it happen' in the functional materials determines what transformation performance stakeholders) provide a range of planning tools establish an environment that supports modelling phase, and the reasoning behind 'how it is performance properties it and its level of connective support students to identify a and support students to analyse student innovation and encourages considered as fit for purpose according to its happening' in prototyping. Practical reasoning provides a appropriateness to the time and exhibits. Composition relates compatibility and that additional need or opportunity and develop these to inform selection of the analysis of existing outcomes guide students to analyse a range of examples of technologies basis for exploring acceptability (including socio-cultural and context of its development. Examples to such things as the type and interface components may be a conceptual statement tools they will use to manage and to examine how people's perceptions and/or level of acceptance provide opportunities to develop drawing environmental dimensions) surrounding the design concept should be drawn from within students arrangement of particles that required to ensure a subsystem has influenced the practices and decisions underpinning their support students understand the efficiently record their planning and modelling skills to communicate and and realised outcome. That is, the reasoning around decisions can be effectively integrated into own and others' technological practice make up the material development and implementation. Examples should be drawn physical and functional nature support students to review and explore design ideas. Emphasis should be as to 'should it happen?' in functional modelling and 'should it from the past and present to allow students to gain insight into the and allow students to examine the support students to analyse a system on progressing 2D and 3D drawing skills required of their outcome evaluate progress to inform their be happening?' in prototyping. criteria used to make the judgment influence past experiences have on the perception and acceptance examples of how materials provide students with the guide students to develop key ongoing planning decisions and increasing the range and complexity provide opportunity for students to explore how informed and guide students to explore a range of of existing and future technological practice and outcomes have been selected to gain opportunity to analyse a of functional modelling quide students to ensure attributes into specifications justifiable design decision making relies on both functional and guide students to analyse a range of examples of technological examples of technological outcome insight into how this selection range of examples of complex appropriate resources are provide a range of materials/components practical reasoning and draws from evidence provided from failure and support them identify those relies on understanding the technological systems that practices to identify codified technological knowledge that was available (stakeholder/s, materials, and support students to develop the that are examples of malfunction. composition of the materials contain at least one subsystem. used to inform design and manufacturing decisions. Technological components, software, equipment, necessary knowledge and skills to guide students to analyse examples of functional modelling Malfunction refers to a single event available and using this Complex technological systems tools and/or hardware) suitable for knowledge becomes codified when technological experts consider evaluate and use them practices to explain how these were used to gain evidence to failure of a technological outcome as knowledge to help decide are those designed to change it is useful for a number of situations. Codified technological their outcome quide students to evaluate outcomes in justify design decisions with regards to both technical feasibility opposed to failure due to 'wear' or which materials in combination inputs to outputs through more knowledge refers to such things as codes of standards, material support students to manage situ against brief specifications. and acceptability. Such justifications will rely on the synthesis reaching the end of the outcome's would provide the best 'fit' with than one transformation process tolerances, and codes of practice including codes of ethics. time and resources, including of evidence gained from modelling that sought feedback from designed lifespan the product specifications intellectual property codes, etc. Examples should be drawn from quide students to identify stakeholders interactions different stakeholders. within their own and others' technological practice guide students to analyse examples of examples should include the subsystems within technological guide students to analyse examples of prototyping to explain technological outcome malfunction to material selection practices of systems and explain them in provide students with opportunities to discuss the role of codified how results were to used justify an outcome as fit for purpose gain insight into how such events can technologists. terms of their properties knowledge in technology and understand why and how particular or requiring refinement. inform decisions about the future of the knowledge becomes codified. Codified knowledge provides others support students to use provide opportunity for students to understand that outcome. Decisions may be made to with access to established knowledge and procedures that have examples to gain insight into maintenance requirements can be identified through been shown to support successful technological developments withdraw or modify the technological how the selection and interfacing prototyping and guide them to identify that maintaining an outcome or retain the outcome with in the past and can serve to remind technologists of their of subsystems relies on outcome can involve controlling environmental influences modified operational parameters. responsibilities. In this way codified knowledge can be used to understanding the transformation and/or undertaking ongoing refinements of the technological Operational parameters refer to the provide constructional, ethical and/or legal compliance constraints and connective properties of outcome boundaries and/or conditions within on contemporary technological practice subsystems to ensure the best support students to gain insight from prototyping examples which the outcome has been designed 'fit' with the required system provide students with opportunities to discuss how established into how testing procedures can provide information regarding codified knowledge can be challenged and that ongoing revision specifications maintenance requirements of a technological outcome is important due to the changing made, social and natural world. examples should include examples should include the modelling practices of For example, the development of new materials, tools, and/or the subsystem selection technologists and should include instances where refinements techniques, shifting social, political and environmental needs and and interfacing practices of to the prototype were required to meet specifications. understandings, and technological outcome malfunction, can all technologists. serve to challenge existing codified knowledge. **INDICATORS** INDICATORS **INDICATORS** INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS **INDICATORS** Students can Students can Students can: Students can Students can: Students can Students can: Students can: · discuss examples to illustrate identify a need or opportunity · analyse own and others use of generate design ideas that are informed · discuss examples of creative and critical thinking that have · explain why time and context are identify examples of functional and practical reasoning within · identify subsystems within how the composition of planning tools to inform the selection by research and analysis of existing important criteria for judging the fitness technological systems and from the given context and issue supported technological innovation design decision making materials determines establish a conceptual statement of tools best suited for their use outcomes explain how people's past experiences of technology (both in terms for purpose of technological outcomes explain how evidence gained from functional modelling was explain their transformation and performance properties that justifies the nature of the to plan and monitor progress and undertake functional modelling to develop of the nature of practices undertaken and the initial development evaluate past technological outcomes connective properties used to justify design decisions explain the link between record key decisions design ideas into a conceptual design that and ongoing manufacturing of outcomes) influences their in the light of experiences subsequent discuss how transformation outcome and why such an identify examples of functional and practical reasoning specifications of a product · use planning tools to identify and outcome should be developed addresses the specifications perception of technology to their development and/or and connection properties of underpinning prototype evaluations and the establishment of and the selection of suitable record key stages, and manage contemporary understandings subsystems impact on system establish the specifications for an evaluate suitability of materials/ explain how people's perception of technology influences their maintenance requirements materials for its construction time and resources (including components, based on their performance layout and component selection outcome based on the nature of explain what is meant by the acceptance of technology explain how evidence gained from prototyping was used to discuss examples to illustrate stakeholder interactions) to ensure the outcome required to address properties, to select those appropriate malfunction of technological outcomes discuss examples to illustrate explain how people's perception of technology impacts on future justify outcome evaluation as fit for purpose or in need of how decisions about material completion of an outcome the need or opportunity, and for use in the production of a feasible how interfaces take into account explain the cause/s of particular technological development further development. selection take into account the

technological outcome malfunction.

explain how and why technological knowledge becomes codified

· explain the role codified knowledge plays in technological practice.

and stakeholder interactions

use planning tools to record key

planning decisions regarding the

management of time, resources

outcome

produce and trial a prototype of the

evaluate the fitness for purpose of the

final outcome against the specifications.

informed by key stakeholder

· communicate specifications that

allow an outcome to be evaluated

considerations

as fit for purpose

the connective compatibility

system components.

between subsystems and other

composition of the material

product

and the specifications of the

TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level five competencies and are ready to begin working towards level six Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level five understandings and are ready to begin Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level five understandings and are ready to begin working towards level six achievement objectives for the technological practice components, and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the working towards level six achievement objectives for the nature of technology and plan learning experiences achievement objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level six Indicators level six Indicators below to progress these as guided by the level six Indicators below. helow **Brief Development Planning for Practice Outcome Development & Evaluation** Characteristics of Technology **Characteristics of Technological Outcomes Technological Modelling Technological Products Technological Systems** ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Students will: Students will Students will Students will: Students will: Understand the role and nature Students will: Understand how Students will: Understand the interdisciplinary nature of technology of evidence and reasoning when managing materials are formed, manipulated, Critically analyse their own Justify the nature of an intended Critically analyse their own and others' outcomes to Understand that some technological outcomes Understand the implications of subsystems for risk through technological modelling. and transformed in different ways inform the development of ideas for feasible outcomes. outcome in relation to the need or and others' past and current and the implications of this for maximising can be perceived as both product and system. the design, development, and maintenance of depending on their properties, and opportunity and justify specifications planning practices in order to Undertake ongoing experimentation and functional possibilities through collaborative practice. Understand how these outcomes impact on other technological systems. understand the role of material in terms of key stakeholder feedback make informed selection and modelling, taking account of stakeholder feedback and outcomes and practices and on people's views of and wider community considerations. effective use of planning tools. trialling in the physical and social environments. Use themselves and possible futures. evaluation in determining suitability for use in product development. the information gained to select, justify, and develop Use these to support and justify ongoing planning that will see a final outcome. Evaluate this outcome's fitness for the development of an outcome purpose against the brief and justify the evaluation using through to completion. feedback from stakeholders **TEACHER GUIDANCE** TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE **TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE** TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding To support students to undertake brief To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop To support students to develop understanding To support students to To support students to undertake outcome development understanding of technological of technological systems at level 6, teachers characteristics of technology at level 6, teachers characteristics of technological outcomes at level 6, of technological modelling at level 6, teachers development at level six teachers undertake planning for practice and evaluation at level six teachers could at level six teachers could: teachers could: products at level 6, teachers could: ensure that there is a brief with clear specifications quide students to explain how practical and · guide students to understand the role · provide students with the provide an appropriate context ensure that there is a brief support students to analyse a range of examples support students to discuss particular against which a developed outcome can be evaluated and issue that allows students to against which planning to establish an environment that supports student of technological development and explain how technological outcomes as a product and a functional reasoning underpin technological opportunity to research and subsystems play in the design, development access resources (including key develop an outcome can different disciplines have impacted on the nature system and support them to understand that the modelling. Functional reasoning provides a experiment with a range and maintenance of complex technological innovation and encourages critical analysis of existing basis for exploring the technical feasibility of the stakeholders) and guide them to of the technological practice undertaken and categorization of product or system is not an of materials to develop systems. Complex technological systems are take into account wider community how this in turn has influenced understandings inherent property of the outcome, but rather how design concept and the realised outcome - that understandings of how the those designed to change inputs to outputs support students to critically support students to develop drawing and modelling it is perceived by people in order to describe, and/ of the contributing disciplines. Examples should is, 'how to make it happen' in the functional composition and structure of through more than one transformation considerations analyse a range of planning skills to communicate and explore design ideas. process. support students to identify a need tools that have been used in include those from the students own work and or analyse it modelling phase, and the reasoning behind materials impacts on how they Emphasis should be on progressing 2D and 3D others' technological practice and allow students 'how it is happening' in prototyping. Practical can be manipulated and/or quide students to explore examples of sociosupport students to indentify why subsystems or opportunity relevant to the given past practice drawing skills and increasing the range and complexity to gain insight into the interdisciplinary nature of reasoning provides a basis for exploring transformed, or combined to issue and context technological environments to explain how may be 'black boxed' for development and/ support students to select of functional modelling acceptability (including socio-cultural and formulate a new material. technological practice support students to understand technological outcomes (products and systems) or maintenance purposes and guide them planning tools that will support students to explore a range of materials/ environmental dimensions) surrounding the support students to explore examples of where and non-technological entities and systems guide students to understand to understand how this can result in both the physical and functional nature provide appropriate support components and to develop the necessary knowledge collaborative work between technologists and/ (people, natural environments, political systems design concept and realised outcome - that is, that material evaluation enables advantages (reduced need to understand all required of their outcome for their practice and efficient and skills to evaluate and use them the reasoning around decisions as to 'should it or other people has led to new possibilities for etc.) interact together. Examples should be aspects of the system, ability to replace faulty recording of why key planning decisions to be made about support students to develop support students to undertake prototyping to evaluate happen?' in functional modelling and 'should it technological practice and/or outcome design. drawn from past, present and possible future how a material would support, subsystem without disrupting the entire system) decisions were made specifications and justify them the outcome's fitness for purpose and identify any be happening?' in prototyping. Examples should include those from the students socio-technological environments. Socioor not, the fitness for purpose of and disadvantages (trouble shooting can be support students to ensure based on key and wider community further development requirements guide students to understand the concept own work and others' technological practice and technological environments include such things particular technological products, stakeholder considerations. appropriate resources are support students to gain targeted stakeholder allow students to gain insight into the way idea as communication networks, hospitals, transport of risk as it relates to reducing instances of and decrease the probability of a guide students to understand how control available (stakeholder/s. feedback generation and exploration can be enhanced systems, waste disposal, recreational parks. malfunctioning of technological outcomes, and/ product malfunction and feedback at a system level allow 'back materials, components. through collaboration factories, power plant etc. or increasing levels of outcome robustness. support students to analyse up' or 'shutdown' subsystems to be employed software, equipment, tools support students to understand that interactions support students to understand that interdisciplinary guide students to understand how technological to reduce malfunction and/or component and/or hardware) suitable for examples of how materials have collaboration provides exciting opportunities to in socio-technological environments are complex modelling is used to manage risk through been evaluated to determine their their outcome 'work at the boundaries' of established fields and and result in dynamic relationships between exploring and identifying possible risk suitability for use in particular support students to analyse examples of how support students to use appreciate that this may lead to situations where technological outcomes, entities and systems. factors associated with the development of a technological products subsystems have been selected and used in selected tools to manage no codified technological knowledge exists to guide Guide students to explore the influences technological outcome examples should include the particular complex technological systems. resources to ensure practice, tensions between people may arise, and and impact of these relationships on the way support students to analyse examples of material evaluation practices of support students to use examples to gain completion of an outcome a greater number of unknown consequences may technological outcomes are developed and technological modelling to understand how technologists. insight into how the use of subsystems can manufactured. risk is explored and identified within particular impact on system design, development and provide students with opportunities to discuss how the technological developments. maintenance interdisciplinary nature of technology and the need examples should include the modelling examples should include system design. for collaboration can influence how technology is practices of technologists and should include development and maintenance practices of understood and accepted by different groups in both instances where modelling was undertaken to technologists. positive and negative ways. explore and identify risk. **INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS** INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS Students can: · identify a need or opportunity from critically analyse own and generate design ideas that are informed by research and explain how different disciplines have impacted on · explain why some technological outcomes can be · describe practical and functional reasoning · explain how the composition and · explain the variety of roles played by others use of planning tools the given context and issue the critical analysis of existing outcomes technological practice described as both a product and a system and discuss how they work together structure of different materials subsystems in complex technological to inform the selection of enables them to be manipulated undertake functional modelling to refine design ideas and to enhance decision making during systems establish a conceptual statement explain why collaboration is important in describe socio-technological environments and planning tools best suited for in specific ways technological modelling explain the implications of using subsystems that justifies the nature of the enhance their ability to address the specifications technological developments that involve the relationships of technological outcomes their use to plan and monitor outcome and why such an outcome interdisciplinary work involved explain the role of technological modelling in explain how the composition and during the design, development and evaluate design ideas in terms of their ability to support progress and record reasons the exploration and identification of possible structure of materials determines maintenance of complex technological should be developed the development of a conceptual design for a feasible explain how interdisciplinary collaboration · discuss the interactions between technological for planning decisions risk/s the ways they can be transformed systems establish the specifications for outcome in technology can enhance and/or inhibit outcomes, people, and social and physical use planning tools to establish environments within particular socio-technological explain how the composition and describe examples to explain how control discuss examples to illustrate how evidence an outcome as based on the evaluate the conceptual design against the specifications technological development and implementation and review key stages, nature of the outcome required to describe examples of interdisciplinary collaboration environments and reasoning is used during functional structure of materials impacts and feedback requirements impact on to determine the proposed outcomes potential fitness for identify and manage all address the need or opportunity, modelling to identify risk and make informed on how they can be combined to subsystem use. explain why understanding socio-technological numose in technology that has influenced or could resources, and to determine consideration of the environment in and justifiable design decisions formulate a new material discuss examples to illustrate the influence public understanding and acceptance of environments allow technological outcomes to be evaluate suitability of materials/components, based on which the outcome will be situated and guide actions to ensure better understood. discuss examples to illustrate how describe the role of material advantages and disadvantages of their performance properties, to select those appropriate completion of an outcome and resources available prototyping provides information to evaluation in determining subsystems employed in particular for use in the production of a feasible outcome use planning tools to record communicate specifications that determine maintenance requirements material suitability for use in a technological systems. produce and trial a prototype of the outcome to evaluate initial plans and ongoing allow an outcome to be evaluated to ensure minimal risk and optimal technological product its fitness for purpose and identify any changes that would revisions in ways which as fit for purpose performance over time discuss examples to illustrate how enhance the outcome provide reasons for planning justify the specifications in terms material evaluation informed the use stakeholder feedback to support and justify key decisions made of key and wider community selection of materials in particular design decisions and evaluations of fitness for purpose stakeholder considerations. product development.

NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level six understandings and are ready to begin working towards Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level six competencies and are ready to begin working towards level seven achievement Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level six understandings and are ready to begin working towards level objectives for the technological practice components, and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level seven Indicators of level seven achievement objectives for the nature of technology and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by seven achievement objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level the level seven Indicators below. seven Indicators below Achievement below Characteristics of Technological Planning for Practice Outcome Development & Evaluation Characteristics of Technology **Technological Modelling Technological Products Technological Systems Brief Development** Outcomes ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Students will: Justify the nature of an Students will: Critically analyse Students will: Critically analyse their own and others' Students will: Students will: Students will: Students will: intended outcome in relation to the issue their own and others' past and outcomes and evaluative practices to inform the development Understand the implications of ongoing contestation and competing priorities Understand that technological outcomes are Understand how the "should" and "could" Understand the concents and processes Understand the concents of to be resolved and justify specifications in current planning and management of ideas for feasible outcomes. Undertake a critical for complex and innovative decision making in technological development. a resolution of form and function priorities and decisions in technological modelling rely on an employed in materials evaluation and the redundancy and reliability and terms of key stakeholder feedback and wider practices in order to develop and evaluation that is informed by ongoing experimentation and their implications for the design. that malfunction affects how people view and understanding of how evidence can change in implications of these for design, development community considerations. employ project management functional modelling, stakeholder feedback, and trialling in value across contexts and how different tools maintenance, and disposal of technological development, and maintenance accept outcomes the physical and social environments. Use the information practices that will ensure the are used to ascertain and mitigate risk. products of technological systems. effective development of an gained to select, justify, and develop an outcome. Evaluate outcome to completion. this outcome's fitness for purpose against the brief. Justify the evaluation using feedback from stakeholders and demonstrating a critical understanding of the issue. TEACHER GUIDANCE To support students to develop understanding of characteristics of technology To support students to undertake brief To support students to undertake To support students to undertake outcome development To support students to develop understanding To support students to develop understanding To support students to develop understanding To support students to develor of technological modelling at level 7, teachers development at level seven teachers could: planning for practice at level seven and evaluation at level seven teachers could: at level 7 teachers could: of characteristics of technological outcomes of technological products at level 7, teachers understanding of technological systems at level 7, teachers provide a context that offers a range of teachers could: provide students with opportunities to discuss the inseparable nature of at level 7, teachers could: could: could: ensure that there is a brief with clear specifications issues for students to explore · support students to explore how context · support students to understand that material could: · ensure that there is a brief against which a developed outcome can be evaluated technology and society and guide them to explore examples to analyse · provide students with opportunities to guide students to select an authentic issue against which planning to develop instances of the complex intertwining of society and technology. Contexts discuss how malfunction can impact on impacts on the perception of the validity evaluation enables decisions to be made · support students to establish an environment that supports student innovation within the context. An authentic issue is an outcome can occur for exploration could be selected from areas such as; communication the design or manufacturing of similar and of evidence presented. Therefore, shifting about what material would be optimal to understand the concepts of and encourages critical analysis of existing outcomes one which is connected to the context, and practices and communication technologies, life experiences and medical related technological outcomes from one context to another can change ensure the fitness for purpose of particular redundancy and reliability support students to critically support students to critically analyse evaluative practices allows students to develop a brief for a technologies, sporting endeavours and equipment/enhancement the status of the evidence provided by in relation to technological analyse a range of planning provide students with opportunities to technological products used within functional modelling need or opportunity that can be managed systems. Redundancy relates tools and project management technologies identify that form refers to the physical technological modelling. support students to explore a range support students to develop drawing and modelling skills within the boundaries of their available to the inclusion of more time practices that have been used in provide students with opportunities to discuss technology as a field of onnature of a technological outcome and support students to explore how and why of subjective and objective evaluative to communicate and explore design ideas. Emphasis resources. information and/or resources past technological practice going contestation and competing priorities that require resolution through function refers to the functional nature of different people and communities accept procedures used to identify the suitability of should be on progressing 2D and 3D drawing skills support students to identify a need or than would strictly be needed support students to select and complex decision making and guide students to recognise the role of the outcome. Design elements related different types of evidence as valid. That is, materials for different uses and increasing the range and complexity of functional opportunity relevant to the issue for the successful functioning functional and practical reasoning in such decision making to an outcome's physical nature include the status given to evidence is dependent on a support students to describe the underpinning use planning tools to make modelling support students to understand the physical of the technological system. such things as: colour; movement; range of factors including ethical views and the effective planning decisions guide students to critically analyse examples of technological practice concepts and processes related to subjective support students to explore a range of materials/ and functional nature required of their pattern; proportion; harmony; taste etc. perceived authority of people involved in the Reliability relates to the and establish and manage to gain insight into how technologists identify and deal with contestable and objective evaluative procedures components, and to develop the necessary knowledge outcome probability that a system will Design elements related to an outcome's presentation of the evidence all resources (including time. issues by understanding socio-cultural influences. Socio-cultural influences support students to understand the selection and skills to evaluate and make effective use of them support students to justify the nature of functional nature include such things as perform a required function support students to understand how money, stakeholder/s, materials, include such things as: social: cultural: political: environmental: and of appropriate material evaluation procedures their outcome in terms of the issue it is support students to undertake prototyping to gain under stated conditions for a strength; durability; stability; efficiency; components, software. economic influences. This can be done through understanding the sociodecisions underpinning technological relies on understanding the composition and evidence that enables clear judgments regarding the addressing stated period of time equipment, tools and/or hardware nutritional value etc. Design elements are modelling based on what should and could cultural influences on fundamental aspects of technology in a particularly structure of materials, how their properties support students to develop specifications outcome's fitness for purpose and determine the need for prioritised in different ways as determined support students to identify etc). Effective planning decisions defined setting. Aspects of technology include such things as: problem happen, rely on an understanding of how can be enhanced through manipulation or and provide justifications for them drawing any changes to enhance the outcome by such things as a designer's intent for and analyse a range of enable the outcome produced to identification and refinement to establish needs and opportunities: the evidence gained may differ in value across transformation, the performance criteria from stakeholder feedback, and wider support students to gain targeted stakeholder feedback the outcome understandings of materials examples of technological successfully meet the brief. development of designs and technological outcomes; resource selection contexts and/or communities required by technological products and an community considerations such as and understand the implications of the physical and and justification; post development manufacturing; implementation and the socio-cultural location the outcome is systems to gain insight support students to select and support students to understand how understanding of the physical and social the resources available to develop the social environment in which the outcome is to be located into how redundancy and ongoing in situ evaluation; maintenance and disposal; and ethical, social to be situated, professional and personal technological modelling is used to ascertain use planning tools which will context within which the technological product outcome, ongoing maintenance of the beliefs etc. reliability factors have and moral responsibilities allow for the efficient recording and mitigate risk. Ascertaining risk involves will be situated outcome once implemented, sustainability impacted on system support students to critically analyse of justifications for key planning · guide students to critically analyse examples of technological practice to establishing the probability of identified risks. support students to identify and analyse of resources used to develop the outcome design, development and decisions made gain insight into how technologists take competing priorities into account the physical and functional nature of Mitigation involves taking steps to reduce and the outcome itself, disposal of the examples of how materials have been maintenance decisions during decision making. Competing priorities include such things as: technological outcomes to identify how the probability of the risk being realised and/ support students to ensure evaluated to allow material selection decisions developed outcome when past its use by design elements appear to have been examples should include innovation versus acceptance/continuation; time versus quality; majority or severity of the risk should it be realised that maximize the potential fitness for purpose appropriate resources are prioritised and to explain how such a acceptance versus acceptable to all; social versus environmental benefit system design, development available (stakeholder/s. support students to analyse examples of of particular technological products and to priotisation could be justified and maintenance practices of materials, components, ethical versus legal compliance etc. technological modelling to understand how gain insight into how material evaluation technologists. support students to analyse the guide students to critically analyse examples of innovative technological risk is ascertained and mitigated within software, equipment, tools and/ procedures can be used to identify product prioritisation of design elements in particular or hardware) suitable for their developments. Examples should draw from the past and present and allow particular technological developments maintenance and disposal implications and students to gain insight into how informed creativity, critical evaluation technological outcomes with respect to therefore inform design, development and examples should include the modelling the intended purpose of the technological and the pushing of boundaries can support innovative decision making practices of technologists and should post production care decisions outcome, intended users and specific and outcomes. Opportunity should also be provided to critique innovative include instances where modelling was examples should include the material context, the wider socio-technological developments in terms their impact on how technology is understood and undertaken to mitigate risk evaluation practices of technologists accepted by different groups in both positive and negative ways. environment it was a part of, and the era of its development and to make informed judgments as to the outcome's fitness for purpose. INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS Students can: explore the context to select an issue generate design ideas that are informed by research and · critically analyse existing planning · discuss examples to illustrate how socio-cultural factors influence · explain how malfunction can impact on the · discuss examples to illustrate why the status · discuss a range of subjective and objective · explain the concept of identify a need or opportunity relevant to critical analysis of existing outcomes tools and project management technology and in turn technology influences socio-cultural factors in design and/or manufacture of similar and of evidence gained from technological evaluative procedures used to determine redundancy in relation to their selected issue develop design ideas for outcomes that are justified practices to inform the selection complex and ongoing ways related technological outcomes modelling might change across contexts the suitability of materials and describe technological systems establish a conceptual statement that as feasible with evidence gained through functional of planning tools appropriate for explain technology as a field of on-going contestation and why competing explain why different people accept different the underpinning concepts and processes justify how the design elements appear discuss examples of particular justifies the nature of the outcome and why the technological practice to be types of evidence as valid and how this involved in particular procedures priorities arise to have been prioritised in technological technological systems to critically analyse evaluative practices used when such an outcome should be developed with undertaken, and for recording impacts on technological modelling discuss examples of material evaluation illustrate how factors related explain how influences and priorities have been managed in technological outcomes reference to the issue it is addressing functional modelling to inform own functional modelling evidence to support any revisions procedures undertaken to support to redundancy impacted on decisions of the past justify the fitness for purpose of explain the role of technological modelling in establish the specifications for an outcome undertake functional modelling to evaluate design ideas to planning ascertaining and mitigating risk material selection decisions and justify the system design, development technological outcomes in terms of their explain how critical evaluation, informed creativity and boundary pushing using stakeholder feedback, and based and develop and test a conceptual design to provide use planning tools to set physical and functional nature and socioappropriateness of these procedures and/or maintenance decisions describe examples to illustrate the strengths impacts on technological development and public views of technology. on the nature of the outcome required evidence of the proposed outcome's ability to be fit for achievable goals, manage all discuss examples to explain how material explain the concept of technological environment/s they are used and weaknesses of technological modelling to address the need or opportunity. purpose resources, plan critical review within evaluation impacted on design and reliability in relation to for risk mitigation. consideration of the environment in which evaluate suitability of materials/components, based on points, and revise goal and development decisions technological systems their performance properties, to select those appropriate the outcome will be situated, and resources resources as necessary to ensure discuss examples to explain how material discuss examples of available for use in the production of a feasible outcome the effective completion of an evaluation impacted on maintenance and particular technological communicate specifications that allow an undertake prototyping to gain specific evidence of an systems to illustrate how disposal decisions. outcome to be evaluated as fit for purpose outcomes fitness for purpose and use this to justify any · use planning tools to provide factors related to reliability justify the specifications in terms of decisions to refine, modify and/or accept the outcome evidence for any revisions made impacted on system design stakeholder feedback, and the nature as final at critical review points and development, and/or of the outcome required to address the use stakeholder feedback and an understanding of the justifies the appropriateness of maintenance decisions. need or opportunity, consideration of the physical and social requirements of where the outcome planning tools used. will be situated to support and justify key design decisions environment in which the outcome will be situated, and resources available. and evaluations of fitness for purpose

TECHNOLOGICAL PRACTICE NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level seven competencies and are ready to begin working towards level eight achievement objectives Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level seven understandings and are Teachers should establish if students have developed robust level seven understandings and are ready to begin working towards level eight for the technological practice components, and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level eight Indicators below. ready to begin working towards level eight achievement objectives for the nature of technology and achievement objectives for technological knowledge and plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level eight Indicators below. plan learning experiences to progress these as guided by the level eight Indicators below. **Planning for Practice Outcome Development & Evaluation Technological Products Brief Development** Characteristics of Technology **Characteristics of Technological Outcomes Technological Modelling Technological Systems** ACHIEVEMENT OBJECTIVE Students will: Justify the nature of an intended outcome Students will: Critically analyse Students will: Critically analyse their own and others' outcomes Students will: Students will: Students will: Understand the Students will: Understand the concepts and processes Students will: Understand operational parameters role of technological modelling employed in materials development and evaluation and their role in the design, development, and in relation to the context and the issue to be resolved. their own and others' past and their determination of fitness for purpose in order to inform Understand the implications of technology Understand how technological outcomes can as a key part of technological and the implications of these for design, development, maintenance of technological systems Justify specifications in terms of key stakeholder the development of ideas for feasible outcomes. Undertake a and current planning and as intervention by design and how be interpreted and justified as fit for purpose in critical evaluation that is informed by ongoing experimentation and development, justifying its maintenance, and disposal of technological products. feedback and wider community considerations. management practices in interventions have consequences, known their historical, cultural, social, and geographical order to develop and employ functional modelling, stakeholder feedback, trialling in the physical importance on moral, ethical and unknown, intended and unintended. locations and social environments, and an understanding of the issue as it sustainable, cultural, political, project management practices that will ensure the efficient relates to the wider context. Use the information gained to select, economic, and historical development of an outcome to justify, and develop an outcome. Evaluate this outcome's fitness arounds. completion for purpose against the brief. Justify the evaluation using feedback from stakeholders and demonstrating a critical understanding of the issue that takes account of all contextual dimensions. **TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE** TEACHER GUIDANCE **TEACHER GUIDANCE TEACHER GUIDANCE** To support students to undertake brief development at To support students to To support students to undertake outcome development and To support students to develop To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop To support students to develop understanding of To support students to develop understanding of level eight teachers could: undertake planning for evaluation at level eight teachers could: understanding of characteristics of characteristics of technological outcomes at level 8 understanding of technological technological products at level 8, teachers could technological systems at level 8, teachers could: · ensure that there is a brief with clear specifications against which support students to understand that material evaluation support students to identify a context that offers a range practice at level eight teachers technology at level 8, teachers could: modelling at level 8, teachers support students to understand what of issues for them to explore. Context refers to the wider a developed outcome can be evaluated support students to critically analyse provide students with opportunity to extend enables decisions to be made about what material operational parameters are and the role · ensure that there is a brief social and physical environment in which technological establish an environment that supports student innovation and would be optimal to ensure the fitness for purpose they play in the design, development and examples of technological developments their understanding of fitness for purpose. This · support students to develop development occurs. Contexts may include but are against which planning to encourages critical analysis of existing outcomes and knowledge when taking into account both the technical feasibility maintenance of technological systems. extended notion is called 'fitness for purpose in a critical and informed and their consequences, known not limited to: storage, afterschool snacks, outdoor develop an outcome can of material innovations and social acceptability of the product Operational parameters refer to the boundaries its broadest sense' and refers to the 'fitness' of and unknown and intended and understanding of why and/or conditions within which the system has support students to critically analyse the ways in which the support students to critically analyse a range of living, sustainable energy, sport, educational software unintended, to gain insight into the social the outcome itself as well as the practices used technological modelling is an streetwear, portability, furniture. fitness for purpose of existing outcomes have been determined, responsibility technologists have due to to develop the outcome (eq. such things as the important aspect for ensuring subjective and objective evaluative procedures been designed to function and are influenced support students to critically support students to identify considerations that will and how appropriate development practices were established responsible and defensible used to justify material suitability and to explain the by a number of factors associated with the analyse a range of project the interventionist nature of technology. sustainability of resources used, ethical nature need to be taken into account when making judgments support students to develop drawing and modelling skills to underpinning concepts and processes involved in technical feasibility and social acceptability of management practices Examples should allow students to gain of testing practices, cultural appropriateness of decisions are made during the of fitness for purpose in its broadest sense. Fitness for communicate and explore design ideas. Emphasis should be on these procedures and explore how project insight into how technology has real and trialing procedures, determination of lifecycle and design, development and any the system support students to identify and differentiate purpose in its broadest sense refers to judgments of scheduling is used to progressing 2D and 3D drawing skills and increasing the range long term impacts for the made, natural ultimate disposal) subsequent manufacturing of support students to understand why the selection the fitness of the outcome itself as well as the practices and complexity of functional modelling of appropriate material evaluation procedures relies highly complex systems. Highly complex manage technological and social world. Students should be technological outcomes. support students to explore the implications support students to explore a range of materials/components and used to develop the outcome. Such judgments supported to discuss the implications on understanding the composition and structure of systems include self-regulatory and intelligent of a commitment to developing technological support students to critically may include but are not limited to considerations to develop the necessary knowledge and skills to evaluate and materials, how their properties can be enhanced systems. Self regulatory systems are those that support students to establish this has for technologists' collective outcomes that are fit for purpose in the broadest analyse examples of of the outcomes technical and social acceptability make effective use of them. responsibility through manipulation or transformation, the have been designed to adjust the functioning and implement a coherent sense on the design development and technological modelling support students to establish which materials/components sustainability of resources used, ethical nature of performance criteria required by technological products of transformation processes in response support students to understand that project schedule that allows practices that were undertaken manufacturing of technological outcomes to feedback from any part of the system testing practices, cultural appropriateness of trialling would be optimal for use when taking into account all contextual and an understanding of the physical and social for the coordination and technology can challenge people's support students to critically analyse a range of to address a range of procedures, determination of life cycle, maintenance. context within which the technological product will be to produce desirable and known outputs management of the: regular views of what it is to be 'human'. competing and contestable technological outcomes to evaluate their fitness support students to undertake prototyping to gain evidence that ultimate disposal, health and safety. situated Intelligent systems have been designed to review of goals, planning Contexts for exploration could include factors to gain insight into for purpose, in its broadest sense. The evaluation support students to select an authentic issue within their support students to understand that the development of enables clear judgments regarding the outcome's fitness for adapt to environmental inputs in ways that contemporary developments in the area how these factors can be tools, all resources required will be based on the physical and functional selected context purpose and determine the need for any changes to enhance new materials relies on understanding; existing materials change the nature of the system components (time, money, stakeholder/s, of communication technologies, artificial handled. These factors arise nature of the outcome, the historical, cultural, support students to identify a need or opportunity including their advantages and limitations; new material and/or transformation processes in known the outcome materials, components. intelligence, human-robotic interfaces, from such things as differing social, and geographical location of the final support students to gain targeted stakeholder feedback composition and structure possibilities: formulation relevant to the issue and context and unknown ways to produce desirable but moral, ethical, cultural, and/ software, equipment, tools second-life gaming, genetic engineering outcome as well as its development, and any support students to understand the physical and and understand the implications of the physical and social procedures; future requirements, needs and desires; unspecified outputs and/or hardware etc) and nanotechnology etc. or political views and the way information available regarding its performance functional nature required of their outcome environment in which the outcome is to be located. and an awareness that new evaluative procedures may support students to identify and analyse a in which people adhere to and review points support students to explore and critique over time support students to justify the nature of their outcome in need to be developed to determine the suitability of new range of technological systems including support students to provide understand issues such as the role of technology in the creation support students to explore possible benefits and terms of the issue and context simple, complex and highly complex materials sustainability, globalisation, evidence of effective and of sustainable environments. This disadvantages of employing the notion of fitness support students to develop and justify specifications support students to identify and analyse examples where technological systems democracy, global warming efficient planning decisions would include discussion of such things for purpose in its broadest sense in different that will allow the evaluation of the outcome and its new materials have been developed, including past and support students to use examples to Effective and efficient as the ethics of designing for limited contexts related to the design and development. development to be judged as fit for purpose in the contemporary examples, to gain insight into how material gain insight into underpinning operational · examples should include planning decisions ensures technological outcome lifespan, designing manufacture, evaluation and analysis of formulation and subsequent evaluation procedures are parameters and how these have impacted to comply with minimal engineering ideals. the modelling practices of that the use of resources technological outcomes used to address performance, maintenance and disposal on and been influenced by system design technologists and should is optimised during the utilizing and developing sustainable implications and inform design and development decisions development and maintenance decisions development and production materials, reducing energy consumption include instances where examples should include material development examples should include system design. of an outcome produced to and waste, developing and managing modelling was undertaken (including formulation procedures) and evaluation development and maintenance practices of successfully meet the brief socio-technological environments, etc. to deal with competing and practices of technologists. technologists. contestable factors INDICATORS **INDICATORS** INDICATORS INDICATORS INDICATORS **INDICATORS** INDICATORS INDICATORS Students can: · identify and evaluate a range of contexts to select an · establish a coherent · generate design ideas that are informed by research and critical explain the role of · discuss examples of the formulation of new materials · explain what operational parameters are in discuss technology as intervention by · discuss the implications of viewing fitness for project schedule suitable analysis of existing outcomes and knowledge of material innovations technological modelling in and explain the underpinning concepts and processes relation to technological systems authentic issue design and explain the impacts and purpose in its broadest sense on the design and explore context to identify considerations related to for the physical and social develop design ideas for feasible outcomes that are justified with making informed, responsive involved in their development explain the operational parameters established implications of this development of technological outcomes fitness for purpose in its broadest sense environment where the evidence gained through functional modelling that serves to gather and defensible design and discuss examples of evaluation procedures undertaken for particular technological systems and explain discuss why technology can challenge discuss the implications of viewing fitness for identify a need or opportunity relevant to their selected outcome is to be developed evidence from multiple stakeholders and test designs ideas from a development decisions to determine the suitability of new materials and the factors that influenced these purpose in its broadest sense on the manufacture people's views of what it is to be 'human' and implemented, informed range of perspectives explain the role of explain the underpinning concepts and processes discuss examples of technological systems critique the role of technology in the of technological outcomes establish a conceptual statement that justifies the undertake evaluation of design ideas informed by critical analysis technological modelling in by critical analysis of existing involved in particular evaluations to illustrate how operational parameters justify the fitness for purpose, in its broadest development of sustainable environments nature of the outcome and why such an outcome project management of evaluative practices to support the development of a conceptual making informed, responsive discuss examples of past material developments impacted on system design, development and discuss future scenarios where sense, of technological outcomes should be developed with reference to the issue being implement project schedule. design for an outcome that optimises resources and takes into and defensible manufacturing and explain how these impacted on product design, maintenance debate the value of employing the notion of technology plays out different roles and discuss examples of simple, complex and addressed and the wider context account maintenance and disposal implications decisions development, manufacturing, maintenance and undertaking reflection at 'fitness for purpose in its broadest sense' justify projected impacts. establish the specifications for an outcome and its undertake functional modelling of the conceptual design to provide discuss examples to illustrate highly complex technological systems critical review points to as related to: the design and development, development using stakeholder feedback and based a range of technological evidence that the proposed outcome has the potential to be fit for discuss examples of contemporary material to illustrate the demands that increasing revise or confirm schedule manufacture, evaluation and analysis of on the nature of the outcome required to address the modelling practices that developments and suggest probable implications for complexity in system design requires in terms to ensure the effective and purpose technological outcomes. need or opportunity, consideration of the environment evaluate suitability of materials/components, based on their have been undertaken in future technological product design, development, of establishing operational parameters. efficient completion of an in which the outcome will be situated, and resources performance properties, to select those appropriate for use in the situations with competing and manufacturing, maintenance and disposal outcome production of a feasible outcome that optimises resources and takes contestable factors available manage the project to communicate specifications that allow an outcome to into account maintenance and disposal implications · critique examples of provide evidence of the be evaluated as fit for purpose in the broadest sense. undertake prototyping to gain specific evidence of an outcomes technological modelling coordination of goals, justify the specifications as based on stakeholder fitness for purpose and use this to justify any decisions to refine, practices in terms of how well planning tools, resources feedback and the nature of the outcome required to modify and/ or accept the outcome as final they address underpinning and progress review use stakeholder feedback and an understanding of the physical and address the need or opportunity, consideration of the factors. points and justify planning environment in which the outcome will be situated. social requirements of where the outcome will be situated to support decisions and resources available. and justify an evaluation of the outcome and development practices as fit for purpose.